POST-OPERATIVE PROTOCOL FOR:

- POSTEROLATERAL CORNER (PLC) RECONSTRUCTION/REPAIR
- COMBINED POSTEROLATRAL CORNER plus ACL and/or PCL
- COMBINED POSTEROLATERAL CORNER plus MCL plus ACL and/or PCL

Ensure patient achieves milestone prior to progression.

No return to contact sports prior to 9 months post-op

Return to gentle non-contact, non-competitive sports at physiotherapist's discretion but must be over 8 months post-op

PHASE 1: Post reconstructive surgery. Day 1 to day 14.

| Goal | Treatment | Milestones to Progress |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Graft protection | Cricket pad splint to be worn at all times when mobilizing and for sleeping Use of crutches TOUCH WB ONLY | Ensure patient has attended first post-operative clinic review (at 2 weeks post-op) |
| Minimise swelling and pain | Use of ice or Game Ready if available Elevate leg Ensure adequate pain relief | |
| Prevent post-operative complications | Circulatory exercisesPatella mobilizations | |
| Maintain muscle strength | Regular static quadsSLR if able | |

PHASE 2: 2 weeks to 6 weeks

| Goal | Treatment | Milestone to Progress |
|---|---|---|
| Graft protection | Hinged knee brace (ROM 0°- 90°) to be worn at all times when mobilizing. Cricket pad split to be worn in bed Use of crutches PARTIAL WB ONLY | Minimal effusion Full or nearing full extension 90° knee flexion SLR with no lag (10 reps) |
| Minimise swelling and pain | Use of ice or Game Ready Ensure adequate pain relief Elevate leg | Normal, symmetrical gait pattern with crutches Ensure patient has attended |
| Regain full range of extension | Active extension exercises: static quads Passive stretching Initially avoid hyperextension | their 6 week clinic review |
| Increase knee flexion as pain allows | Passive flexion exercises in prone (no active ROM, do not engage hamstrings) Passive flexion over edge of bed Patella mobilisations | |
| Improve quads control and muscle strength | Static quads, SLRs. Ensure patient can SLR with no lag Co-contraction quads and hams Active OKC Qs (60° to full extension) NO OKC QS IF COMBINED WITH ACL Early gluteal strengthening Early core stability strengthening | |
| Ensure flexibility | Hamstrings stretches in supineCalf stretches | |
| Restoration of normal gait pattern | Gait re-education with elbow crutches PWB | |
| Attention to donor leg if graft harvested from contralateral side | Restore full range of motion ASAP Commence muscle strengthening Commence muscle stretching | |

PHASE 3: 6 weeks to 12 weeks

| Goal | Treatment | Milestone to Progress |
|--|---|---|
| Graft protection | Hinged knee brace (no restriction to ROM) to be worn at all times when mobilizing. | Minimal/no activity related effusion |
| Minimise swelling and pain (ensure no swelling before progression) Prevent anterior knee pain | Continue as above, as necessaryPatella mobilisations | Full range of extension Normal gait pattern without crutches Full range of flexion Single leg stand eyes shut at least 5 seconds Bilateral squat, thighs parallel to floor with even, symmetrical weight bearing Ensure patient has attended 12 week clinic review |
| Regain/maintain full range of extension/hyperextension (compare to non-operative knee) Restoration of normal gait pattern | Extension exercises as above Heel props, prone hangs Passive stretching FWB gait re-education Treadmill walking | |
| Regain full range of flexion | Active flexion exercises with overpressure Progress to quads stretch Passive stretching as required Hydrotherapy as required | |
| Improve quads, hamstring and general lower limb strength | CKC – wall slide squats (start at 60° flexion and progress), squats, leg press (start at 60° flexion and progress), single leg squats etc. NO LUNGES IF PCL Progress OKC Qs – add resistance NO OKC IF ACL Bridging on gym ball or feet on sofa (less than 30° flexion), progress to normal bridge (further knee flexion) Calf raises, hip extensions, hip abd/add, glut med/max | |
| Increase aerobic capacity | Exs bike Treadmill walking (incline) Step ups Cross trainer and Rower | |
| Improve proprioception | Single leg stand eyes open/eyes closedWobble board and Sitfit and Trampette | |
| Neuromuscular control | Core stability work Knee alignment/prevent hip IR/knee valgus – squats, step ups (ensure good hip/knee/ankle alignment) | |

PHASE 4: Upon achievement of phase 3 milestones and no sooner than 12 weeks post-op.

| Goal | Treatment | Milestone to progress |
|---|---|---|
| Control activity related swelling and pain | Use of cryotherapy post exercise if knee swells with increased activity | Minimal/no activity related effusionFull ROM |
| Regain/maintain full range of movement | Continue stretches | Normal gait and stair pattern – |
| Normalise gait and stair pattern | Discontinue brace on instruction at 12 week clinic review (continue with brace if patient has not attended clinic). Treadmill walking – forward/backward/incline | good alignment and control 10 x single leg squats to 60° with good biomechanical alignment and control (i.e. no valgus and |
| Improve quads, hamstring, and general lower limb strength | Continue CKC – double & single leg press, squats, single leg squats, commence lunges, increase weight OKC Qs – increase load Commence OKC Hamstring curls – double & single leg, increase weight gradually Gluteals, calf, adductors | good hip/knee/ankle alignment) |
| Increase aerobic capacity | Exs bike Treadmill walking Step ups Cross trainer and Rower Pool walking/running | |
| Improve proprioception | Single leg stand eyes closed Wobble board Sitfit BOSU Trampette | |
| Neuromuscular control | Core stability work Knee alignment/prevent valgus as above – add trunk rotation | |
| Commence bilateral load acceptance/ early plyometrics | Bilateral drop jumps Jumps with symmetrical squat landing Progress to straight line jogging when good load acceptance | |

PHASE 5: Upon achievement of phase 4 milestones.

| Goal | Treatment | Milestone to progress |
|--|--|---|
| No swelling or pain | Continue as above if necessary | Normal straight line running |
| Normal straight line running pattern without pain and in full control | Progress from jogging to running Increase speed/distance Change surface/incline Forward running/backward running | pattern Single leg press >75% body weight Single leg stand eyes shut >80% |
| Increase muscle strength and endurance | Increase load on strengthening exs (60-80% 1RM) Single leg press – push for >75% x body weight Commence open chain quads if not already performing and gradually increase resistance | unaffected leg • Hop tests >85% LSI: single hop, triple hop, cross over hop, 6m timed hop, side to side hop |
| Improve proprioception | Increase dynamic proprioception | |
| Progress bilateral load acceptance/commence unilateral load acceptance/plyometrics | Tuck jumps with stable landing Squat jumps, forward/ back/ rotational Bilateral plyometric static and multi-plane exs Single leg hop with controlled landing Forward, side hops/ drops from step with controlled single leg landing Unilateral plyometric static and multi plane activities | |

PHASE 6: SPORTS SPECIFIC. Upon achievement of phase 5 milestones.

| Goal | Treatment | Milestone to progress |
|--|--|--|
| Increase muscle strength and endurance | Increase load on resistance work | Symptom free sports specific training |
| Progress unilateral load acceptance and work to fatigue | As above – increase speed/intensity to fatigue | Hop tests >90% LSI: single hop, triple hop, cross over hop, 6m timed hop, side to |
| Commence sports specific running agility drills | SprintingCutting and pivotingAcceleration/deceleration | side hopSingle leg stand eyes shut, equal to unaffected side |
| Commence sports specific skills | Ball skills Dribbling Boxing Kicking Sports specific activity with controlled opposition e.g. one on one practice drills | |
| Neuromuscular control following fatigue | Ensure ability to control alignment under random practice and after fatigue | |
| Return to non-contract sports (only when nearing 8 months post-op) | Golf/gentle racquet sports | |

PHASE 7: FULL UNRESTRICTED SPORTS TRAINING. Upon achievement of phase 6 milestones.

MUST BE AT LEAST 9 MONTHS POST-OP

| Goal | Treatment |
|--|--|
| Symptom free training | Full, unrestricted training |
| ROM and muscular flexibility equal to other side | Continue stretching |
| Good results of all functional testing | Functional tests prior to returning to contact sports |
| Return to full unrestricted, confident activity | Progress to uncontrolled practice situations and competition |

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